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TUESDAY,
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THE JERUSALEM POST

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Russia Tells Ike 'Pull Navy from Formosa'

Attack on USSR Is Attack on Us

MOSCOW, (Reuter). — Mr. Nikita Khrushchev has told President Eisenhower that until the U.S. Navy has been withdrawn, there can be no peace in the Far East, the Soviet news agency, Tass, reported on Monday night.

The Soviet Prime Minister said in a message to the Americans President that Russia would report an attack on Communist China as an attack on the Soviet Union, and said the question of Formosa should be considered by the U.N.

He described American action in the Far East as an open provocation.

The message, sent on Sunday through the U.S. Charge d'Affaires in Moscow, said: "A single peace is unthinkable in the Far East until the American Navy is withdrawn."

IKE PUTS BLAME ON COMMUNISTS

NEWPORT, Rhode Island (Reuter). — A statement from President Eisenhower's half-day headquarters on Monday evening blamed the Chinese Communists for the dangerous situation in the Far East.

The President's Press Secretary, Mr. James Hagerty, said Mr. Eisenhower will reply to the latest Khrushchev Note when he has had a chance to study it more fully.

withdrawn from the Taiwan (Formosa) Strait and until American soldiers are withdrawn from the Chinese island of Taiwan."

It said: "The powers should be prohibited from running fleets and all forms of units against the Nationalist Chinese in the Far East to another for purposes of blackmail and intimidation. These armed forces must be kept within their national boundaries."

"In the century of nuclear and rocket weapons of high thermal and explosive power, and speed of action, the consequences of such vessels are fit in essence only for paying courtesy visits and giving salutes, and can still serve as targets for appropriate types of missiles."

He suggested that the question of American troops in the Far East should be considered by the U.N. and added: "The U.N. action in the Far East is an open provocation."

"An attack on the Chinese People's Republic, which is a great friend, ally and neighbour of our country, is an attack on the Soviet Union."

"Faithful to its duty, our country will do its utmost to protect the security of the two states, the interests of peace in the Far East and throughout the world."

Tass quoted Mr. Khrushchev as saying that the main reason for the extremely dangerous situation in the Far East area "lies in the fact that the U.S. has seized by armed force the ancient Chinese territory of Taiwan and the Penghu Islands (Pescadores), is continuing the occupation of that territory, covering it up by force, and that it gives reason to the Chinese people, Chiang Kai-shek, and also striving to extend its aggression to the offshore islands of China."

"The U.S. is trying to assume in this area the function of some sort of world policeman."

U.S. Refuses Talks On German Peace Treaty

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — The State Department on Monday joined West Germany in rejecting an East German note proposing a conference of East and West Germany, Russia and the U.S. to discuss a German peace treaty.

In a statement, the State Department reaffirmed the American position that the German people is an indispensable first step for negotiations on a German peace treaty.

The statement said the East German note only "iterated the proposals which the Soviet Government has been making for years concerning peace treaty negotiations in which the Soviet Zone regime and the German Federal Republic would participate as equals."

AFTER MIDNIGHT

Of French Departmental Federations which held congresses over the weekend, more than two-thirds voted in favour of the proposal. The Gaullist Constitution.

With great sorrow we announce the death of

RACHEL OMRI

of Kibbutz Sha'ar Ha'mashim

THE BEHEAVED FAMILY

The funeral will take place at 4 o'clock
today at the kibbutz.

Dag Said Calling Beirut Meeting Of Arab Rulers

U.N. Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjold is making efforts to convene a meeting of Arab Heads of State in Beirut under the chairmanship of Arab League Secretary Abdel Khaled Hassouna, Baghdad Radio reported on Monday night.

Mr. Hammarskjold arrived in Amman from Baghdad on Monday to confer with King Hussein of Jordan.

King Hussein and the U.S. are to stabilize the Middle East. This is Mr. Hammarskjold's second visit to Amman in his current negotiations with Middle East states.

The U.N. Secretary-General was met by Prime Minister Saeed Rifa'i on U.N. plans to stabilize the Middle East.

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The Chinese Head of State Mao Tse-tung said in Peking on Monday that he was hopeful about the launching of the historical talks between China and the U.S. in Washington.

He was addressing a meeting of the Supreme State Conference.

In New York, U.S. Secretary of State Dulles said on Monday night that the presence of U.S. warships with the 12-mile limit imposed by the Chinese Communists should not hamper the proposed talks with them on Formosa.

Speaking at Mitchell Air Force Base before boarding a plane for Washington, Mr. Dulles said they had no more than 12 miles limit than the U.S. had.

U.K. Labour Line

Britain's Labour Party leaders, in an official statement on Monday, said the Pescadores should be put under U.N. administration and protection to ensure that the inhabitants would be free to make their choice "without intimidation."

The Party's National Executive Committee commented that British public opinion would not support a war designed to defend the offshore islands for Chiang Kai-shek.

The admission of the king representative to the U.N. is an essential part of a Far East settlement.

The statement recalled that in 1955 Sir Anthony Eden, then Prime Minister, said: "The offshore islands have always been regarded by us as part of China."

The Secretary-General refused to comment on the subjects he discussed with the Iraqi leaders prior to his departure for Amman. He said he planned to spend the rest of his visit in the Middle East between Jordan and Lebanon, and particularly expressed regret that there was no advance for him to go to Saudi Arabia.

In advance of Mr. Hammarskjold's visit, Lebanese President Camille Chamoun conferred on Monday with President-elect General Shehab on the situation in the country and the implementation of the U.N. resolution on the Middle East, ANA reported.

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Today's Postbag

The Weather

FORECAST: Cloudy, with possible light rain, becoming partly cloudy to late in the morning.

Weather Synopsis: Cold air entering our region after several instability.

ARRIVALS
Mr. Yusuf Almaz, M.K., from a private visit to New York. (by M. Al.)

Mr. Bertram C. Ballard, Australian Minister to Israel, after a vacation in Europe, (by Al.)

Mr. E. Mayot, of the Histadrut Political Department, from England, where he represented the Histadrut, on a recent visit to the United States.

Mr. Nahum S. Williams, Chairman of the Board of the Palestine-British Bank Ltd., in connection with the opening of an observatory to be built on the Hebrew University campus on the Hebrew University campus.

DEPARTURES

The Swedish Ambassador, Mr. Olof Lammberg, for Europe or leave. (by R.O.A.)

Mr. Chaim H. Hirschel, Chairman of the 1955 Committee for Sport in Israel, and Mr. Alfred Fischman, of St. Louis, Missouri, a member of the Committee, to the U.S. (by Al.)

Miss Anna Sokolow, American choreographer and dancer, to the U.S. after a three month visit during which she worked with the English troupe and prepared local dances for a programme at the national Opera House. (by Al.)

Mr. Avraham Bellinger, Deputy Director of the Political Department, to London, to participate in the annual conference of Interpol. (by M. Al.)

Mr. Harold Goldberg, member of the Executive Council of the Hebrew Institute, to rose and the U.S. on behalf of the Institute. (by M. Al.)

Mr. Larry Fisch, producer of the film "Pillars of Fire," of the U.S., to supervise the distribution of the film. (by Alitalia.)

Sapir Has Praise For Chemical Plant

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Standing under a banner bearing the slogan "Export and Live," the Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. P. Sapir, on Monday laid the cornerstone of the Cargol Chemical Division building at the company's development site near Lydda.

The new chemical plant, which is expected to start production by December, is to be built next to Cargol's second corrugated carton factory, and is to produce sodium silicate for use in the manufacture of cartons, as well as for export.

The new plant is to produce 4,000 tons of sodium silicate annually, and will use raw materials from Dymon and imported soda ash from East Africa. Half of the factory's annual output will be used in the production of cartons, increasing the volume added in their manufacture to 60 per cent. The sodium silicate will also be sold to other local manufacturers to be used in making soaps and detergents in the cosmetics industry, to improve the quality of cement, and in the manufacture of glues and pastes.

The total investment in this factory is planned at IL720,000, and the investment in the first stage, which will be completed by December, is IL400,000, or when the share of the Government Development Budget will be IL178,000, or 42 per cent. The factory will employ 30 workers.

At the ceremony marking the laying of the cornerstone, Mr. Sapir congratulated the workers, and especially Mr. A. Dubiner, for their continuous efforts in expanding their manufacturing capacity and in increasing exports.

Mr. Dubiner pointed out that the plant was the second in Cargol's development programme, which was begun five years ago with the first carton factory in Bnei Brak. He said it would undoubtedly reduce the costs of carton production as well as that of various other locally manufactured goods.

MAJOR CAUSES OF INFANT MORTALITY

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Ministry of Health circles on Monday declared that the prevailing infant mortality rate in this country was the result of multiple causes, and that "inferior methods of food preservation and incomplete milk pasteurisation" were, in general, minor factors.

The Ministry officials were commenting on a statement attributed to IHA on Sunday to Dr. Morris Greenberg, Director of the New York City Health Department's Bureau of Preventable Diseases, who recently visited Israel. Dr. Greenberg, after reporting a remarkable improvement in the general health of Israel's population, was quoted as saying that the infant death rate, though constantly decreasing and lower than anywhere else in the Middle East, was still 35 per 1,000. The figure for the U.S. is now 34 per 1,000.

Ministry circles said that the main cause of the further reduction in the rate was the unsteady nature of the population, due to immigration from backward countries, which brought with it people whose habits and customs were not easily changed. This was in spite of the fact that one of the most advanced mothers and child care services in the world, it was pointed out.

Milk pasteurisation is not a major factor, it was said, since breast-feeding is the rule in this country and is more common than in the U.S. The infant mortality rate seems to babies up to a year old.

According to the latest issue of the U.N. Demographic Year Book, the rate per 1,000 in 1954 (for a number of countries) was 38.9, total population 40.2; France — 34.3; U.S. — 36.0; Belgium — 45.7; Canada — 31.9; Argentina — 44.4; Denmark — 24.5; Spain — 51.7; East Germany — 44.4; West Germany — 36.2; Egypt (latest figure, for 1953) — 14.8.

JEWISH AGENCY RECONSIDERS PREMIUM

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The question of the special premium formerly granted by the Ministry of Finance on dollars brought into the country by immigrants from Western countries was discussed by the Jewish Agency Executive at its meeting in Jerusalem on Monday evening.

The payment of the premium is being reconsidered after the Agency had earlier agreed to pay half of the 100 pr. per dollar which the Ministry had formerly paid out but had recently abolished. The other half of the premium is to be granted by the Jewish Agency as a long-term loan.

The Executive set up a committee consisting of Messrs. S. Dovrat, M. Kol and S. Shmueli to consider whether to continue the out-
right grant of 50 pr. per dollar or to provide it also in the form of a long-term loan.

Mr. Kol, the head of Youth Aliya, reported on the convention of the World Federation of Children's Commissions held in Belgium, which he had attended, and on its parades for Youth Aliya's 25th anniversary celebrations there.

KIOSK SET AFIRE

RAMLA. Police on Monday arrested Yitzhak Levi, 16, of Rishon LeZion, for setting fire to a kiosk in that town belonging to Mr. Hanan Karpel following a quarrel between the two men. Levi allegedly confessed to the arson, which caused damage estimated at IL400.



Local Authorities Getting IL14.1m.

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Ministry of Interior is to allocate IL14.1m. to Local Authorities during the next fiscal year, the Ministry's Central Committee on Monday.

He said that the sum for the year would come from the funding of a IL5.8m. Municipal Bond Issue, which has recently been approved by the Finance Ministry, from the IL1.6m. remaining from the 1954/55 Development Budget.

The principal governing

the allocation of these funds have already been presented to the Finance Committee of the Local Authorities Council by the Minister of Interior, Mr. Israel Bar-Yehuda.

The Committee asked that the Ministry make the strongest efforts to increase its participation in the allocation of medium-magnitude authorizations.

It is learned that Jerusalem is to receive IL1.7m. of this allocation.

U.S. Labour

leaders Mr. George Harrison (left) and Mr. Jacob Potsky (center) being met on their arrival at Lydda Airport by Mr. Reuven Barkati, of the Histadrut Executive. The visitors came to attend the dedication of the William Green Cultural Centre in Haifa on Monday. Photo by Soudak

American Labour Chiefs At Opening of Wm. Green Centre

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — A plaque bearing an inscription telling of William Green's "outstanding leadership of the American Trade Union Movement, his inspiring and humane contribution to the cause of democracy the world over,

in Eliat, he regarded as a C.I.O. project," he said. They are both joint AFL-CIO undertakings.

The gathering was entertained by a gymnastics display and dances performed by Haifa sports teams from the Jordan Valley.

In an interview with a Jerusalem Post reporter at the King David Hotel on Sunday night, Mr. Potsky said that the recession in the U.S. was "slowly turning the corner but is not by any means over." About five million men were still out of work.

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South Africa's New Boss

Verwoerd is Architect of Apartheid

By COLIN LEGUM

CAPE TOWN (O.P.N.S.)—Dr. Hendrik Frensch Verwoerd, 57-year-old strident Afrikaner nationalist, has emerged as victor in the crucial power struggle that preceded the election of South Africa's sixth Prime Minister. The moderate wing of the Nationalists fought to keep the moderate wing of the opposition out of government and succeeded in ousting the late Mr. Strijdom.

Tall, burly and white-haired, Dr. Verwoerd left the caucus room after a two-hour tussle looking strained, to announce that he had been promised the unanimous support of all his colleagues in his narrow victory. He assumes the portfolio of Native Affairs in his capacity as Minister of State for Native Affairs. The white Opposition party in Parliament is divided and demoralized and sees no prospect of winning an election on its own. Dismally, it looks to the Nationalist Party to split under the uncompromising rule of Dr. Verwoerd. The non-European movement is crippled and weak, and shows little sign of being able to generate any effective extra-parliamentary opposition at this time.

Total Separation

Politically speaking, therefore, the new Prime Minister has the country at his mercy. He has virtually unlimited power over the three million Europeans and eight million non-Europeans. The question is, will he use his power. Dr. Verwoerd believes in total territorial separation between the white and non-white populations. He has said it will take a century to achieve this ultimate goal. Meanwhile, however, he believes that everything possible (short of disrupting the economy of the country that relies on cheap, non-white labour) should be done to lay the foundation for a black nation living side by side with a white nation within the boundaries of South Africa.

It is therefore of interest that the Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, should have rejected their demand yesterday for a full debate on foreign affairs, with reference to recent developments in the Middle East, with the argument that nothing has been brought up at the regular meetings of the Foreign Affairs and Security meeting that would warrant such a debate, and that, in fact, no specific proposals had been put forward by Herut. She prefaced this argument by saying that while it was not permissible to discuss in public what had been said at the sessions of the Committee, which are closed, it was permissible to say what had not been discussed: there had been no debate on any political plans put forward by Herut, because no such plans had been produced. This should be enough to demonstrate that the calling of an emergency Knesset session to discuss foreign policy was not motivated by the desire to air any specific, urgent issue, but solely to create the impression that the Government was failing in its duty to keep the public informed.

Mr. Ben Gurion summed up the position of the Government by saying that we were interested in the maintenance of the status quo in the Middle East while this was possible. On the occasion of such statements Mr. Ben Gurion commonly chooses his words carefully, and it is probably worth noting that he did not refer to Egyptian subversion, outside intervention, or any of the other euphemisms that have been applied to the process of political disintegration that will most likely overtake Jordan sooner or later, though probably not for some months after British troops have been withdrawn from Amman. When this event occurs it may not be easy for the outside world to discern exactly to what degree outside forces were at work. It is not a matter, for instance, on which either U.N. Observers or Mr. Hammarskjold himself are likely to have direct evidence, on which they will be willing to express an opinion. Perhaps it is as well that Mr. Ben Gurion has already given notice that he is concerned with the position that may arise, and not with the nature of the forces that brought it about.

On the other hand Mr. Ben Gurion made it plain enough that what he wishes for is stability. The U.N. Assembly Resolution may be no guarantee of stability but it was an expression of the world's desire for peace in the Middle East, and for this reason Israel supported it.

GOALS VISITS DESTROYERS

The Chief Chaplain in the Israel Defense Forces, Mr. Goren, paid a visit to the Navy Corps and the Royal Engineers, and the members of the opposing forces.

The cause of the fatalities which were drawn up on the opposite side, heard the Chief Chaplain, and the Navy Corps and the members of the opposing forces.

The Government Tourist Information Office

Jerusalem

announces

AN EXCURSION

to the Arab village of Abu Ghosh and the collective settlement of Ma'aleh Ha'hamisha

ON WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1958.

Tickets on sale at the Government Tourist Information Office, on King George Ave., Jerusalem.

Those will leave the above address at 2:30 p.m. and return about 7:30 p.m.

Limited number of tickets available.

Please book early.



Dr. Verwoerd described his concept of the qualities of Premiership in an article published only a few days ago. "Innocent conviction and firm action," he writes, "command the election of South Africa's sixth Prime Minister. The moderate wing of the Nationalists fought to make the moderate wing of the opposition succeed to oust the late Mr. Strijdom.

Tall, burly and white-haired, Dr. Verwoerd left the caucus room after a two-hour tussle looking strained, to announce that he had been promised the unanimous support of all his colleagues in his narrow victory. He assumes the portfolio of Native Affairs in his capacity as Minister of State for Native Affairs. The white Opposition party in Parliament is divided and demoralized and sees no prospect of winning an election on its own. Dismally, it looks to the Nationalist Party to split under the uncompromising rule of Dr. Verwoerd. The non-European movement is crippled and weak, and shows little sign of being able to generate any effective extra-parliamentary opposition at this time.

No Hat!

He is at present sponsoring a Bill designed to remove all non-whites from the open universities that still remain multi-racial.

"I determine the Prime Minister's actions toward his fellow man." His aim is to create a State free from racial strife in order that everybody might be happy. But racial strife is more acute in this country today than at any time in its history. Finally, he proclaims that "the Afrikaner leader is never dishonest, self-centered or a power-greedy ruler." Dr. Verwoerd's opponents regard him as the most self-centered politician in politics. Nobody doubts his honesty, but the Africans are deeply suspicious of the way in which he has used his great power.

The greatest immediate challenge facing Dr. Verwoerd comes, however, not from his opponents, whether white or black, but from the Afrikaner intellectuals who until recently regarded him

as a passionate republican — preferably divorced from the British Commonwealth.

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

Beginnings of an Opposition

Holmes (National Religious) writes that the test confronting the coalition today does not lie solely in its ability or inability to explain its stand on the problems of foreign and domestic that trouble the country, but also in its attitude to the very idea of a Knesset discussion. It will be a further sign of internal weakness if it makes any attempt to torpedo the deliberations altogether.

Leiberman (General Zionist), voices the same sentiments, adds that the opposition parties have just begun to cooperate and are not yet a real shot homogeneous in their views; but they are far less divided among themselves than are the coalition parties. This cooperation can be of great benefit to the country if it continues, and there are reasons to hope that it will.

Reacting to the Soviet note blaming Israel for tension in the Middle East, David (Histadrut) observes that Khrushchev apparently believes that only Russia and the Arabs exist in this world and that his dialogue with Israel will be reversed over the conference of the Middle East; he may still find himself mistaken and the Arabs to agree among themselves, bear out the long-standing contention that Israel must be recognized as a weighty factor in the life of the region.

Based itself on a report that the Kaiser-Frazer concern is being given a monopoly on Israel's car industry through the grant of a majority stakehold by the Bank of Israel to the Shabbat Tsvet series on Kaiser-Frazer.

AT THE CINEMA

By simplifying an Agatha Christie stage success down to its essentials and concentrating on episode rather than dramatic subtlety, Wilder has created, in "Witness for the Prosecution" (Armon, Haifa), a perfect vehicle for Charles Laughton, the lawyer who defends a case of murder.

By perfect, one means that the character is not analysed but seen as by an average observer. Laughton portrays a large man, big in body and mind, an enjoyer of life, full of idiosyncrasies and loved by those around him. This externalized portrayal fits in with the hammered direction of the film.

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JOIN THE MINYAN

Knesset on leave recalled by opposition members

(From the Press)

Al Hamashim (Mapam) writes that the very fact that Mr. Hammarskjold has found it meet to stop over in Jerusalem on his Middle East visit, undertaken with the express purpose of bringing the Arabs to agree among themselves, bears out the long-standing contention that Israel must be recognized as a weighty factor in the life of the region.

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